

Physics 12 Daily Review
Section 21-2

1.

The circular loop of wire shown below has an area of 0.40 m^2 and is in a 0.60 T magnetic field. This field is increased to 1.40 T in 0.25 s .

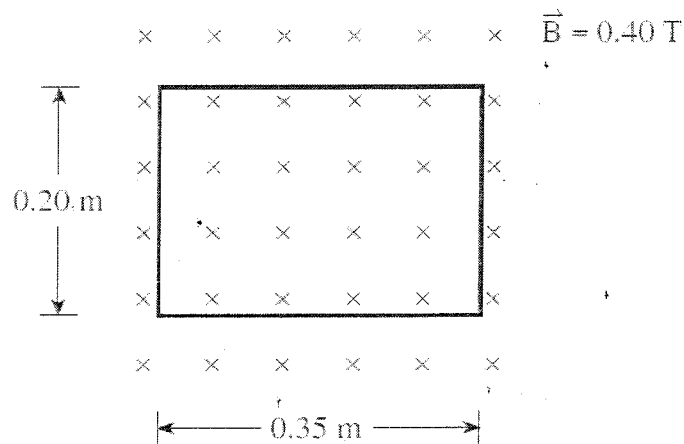


Determine the emf produced in the loop and the direction of current.

	EMF (V)	DIRECTION OF CURRENT
A.	1.3 V	clockwise
B.	1.3 V	counter-clockwise
C.	3.2 V	clockwise
D.	3.2 V	counter-clockwise

2.

A rectangular loop of wire is placed in a magnetic field as shown in the diagram.



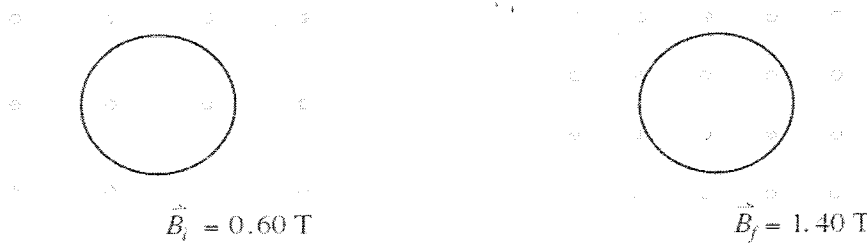
If the loop is removed from the field in a time of 0.050 s , what is the induced emf?

- A. 0.028 V
- B. 0.28 V
- C. 0.56 V
- D. 5.7 V

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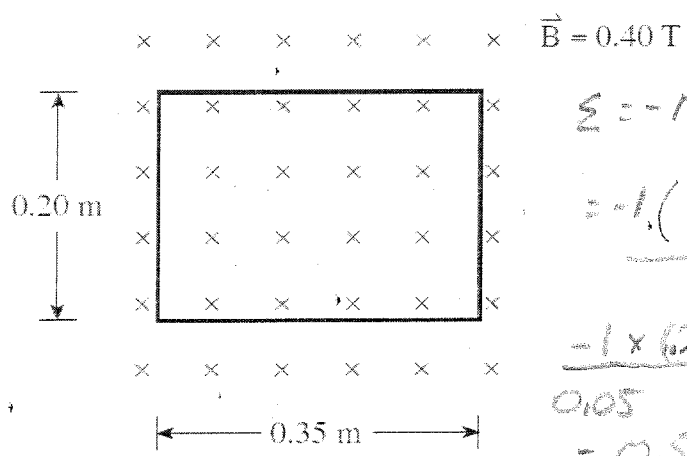
$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon &= -N \frac{\Delta \Phi}{\Delta t} \\ &= - \frac{(BA_f - BA_i)}{\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{BA_i - BA_f}{\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{A(B_i - B_f)}{\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{0.40(0.6 - 1.4)}{0.25} \\ &= -1.3 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon &= -N \frac{\Delta \Phi}{\Delta t} \\ &= -1 \cdot \frac{(BA_f - BA_i)}{\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{-1 \times (0.20 \times 0.35)(0 - 0.4)}{0.05} \\ &= 0.56 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

If the loop is removed from the field in a time of 0.050 s , what is the induced emf?

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- C. 0.56 V
- D. 5.7 V