

Good and Well Bad and Badly

Good and Well

Where it gets tricky: SENSING VERBS

• Example: smell, taste, feel, etc...

He smells good.

He smells well.

Good and Well/Bad and Badly

Good/Bad = adjectives -> describe a noun

Examples:

Those soccer players are very good.

I feel good after a long swim.

Dinner smells bad.

Good and Well/Bad and Badly

Well/Badly = adverb --> describes a verb

- Examples:
- My dad cooks badly.
- They played soccer well.
- Doug had the flu, but he is well again now.

Good and Well

Where it gets tricky: SENSING VERBS

• Example: smell, taste, feel, etc...

He smells good.

- His aroma is pleasant.

He smells well.

- His nose is exceptional at detecting scents.

Try These

- 1. Marcy certainly looks _____ now that she has recovered from her cold. (good/well)
- 2. Don't you agree that the team played _____ yesterday? (bad/badly)
- 3. If you think this recording sounds _____, you can order one for yourself. (good/well)
- 4. Andy always looks _____ in a coat and tie. (good/well)
- 5. This pen writes just as _____ as the other one. (bad/badly)
- 6. If you speak French _____, you will certainly enjoy your trip to Quebec. (good/well)
- 7. Jeff can't see ____ without his glasses. (good/well)
- 8. Wayne's bike is as _____ now as it was when it was new. (good/well)
- 9. That movie wasn't as _____ as I thought it would be. (bad/badly)
- 10. Did you feel _____ when you heard the news? (bad/badly)
- 11. When Aunt Edie bakes bread, the whole house smells _____. (good/well)
- 12. The director scheduled another rehearsal today after the band performed so _____ last night. (bad/badly)
- 13. The patient responded _____ to the treatment of complete rest. (good/well)
- 14. The weather was so _____ that Mr. New cancelled the hike. (bad/badly)
- 15. Unfortunately, the motor doesn't run _____ when it rains. (good/well)

Good and Well

Where it gets tricky: SENSING VERBS

• Example: smell, taste, feel, etc...

He feels good.

He feels well.