

1. Torque is the product of force and distance.

 $\tilde{i} = BII \times d$ , but F (BII) and d need to be perpendicular



The d is twice the lever arm.

## And if you have multiple loops then just multiple the above by N (the number of loops)

Example: A circular coil of wire has a diameter of 20.0cm and contains 10 loops. The current in each loop is 3.00A and the coil is placed in a 2.00T magnetic field. Determine the maximum and minimum torque exerted on the coil by the field.

Do# 44 and 46 p. 619